

2015

Climate Change Vulnerability in Contra Costa County: A Focus on Heat

Impacts of Climate Change

- Sea Level Rise & Flooding
- Rising Temperatures & Extreme Heat
- Air Quality
 - Ground Level Ozone
 - Allergens
- Wildfire
- Infectious Disease
 - West Nile Virus
 - Coccidioides species
 - Vibrio

Planning for Climate Change in Contra Costa County

- Climate Change Planning should emphasize health and health equity outcomes
- Vulnerable populations should be a cornerstone of any plan
- Health co-benefits should be considered for mitigation and adaptation efforts.

Figure 1: Approximation Of Climate Zones In Contra Costa County

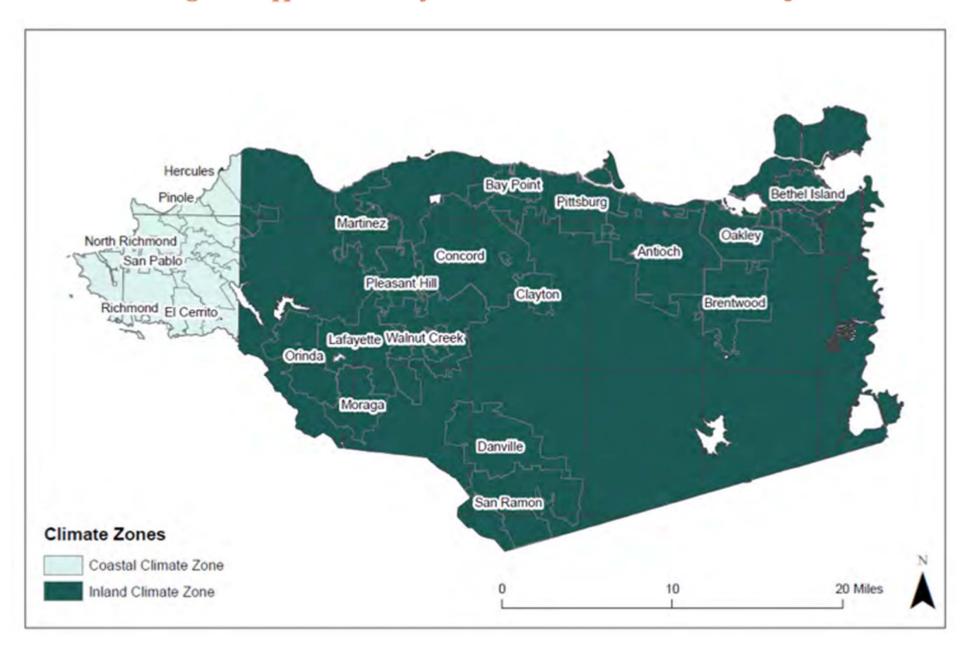
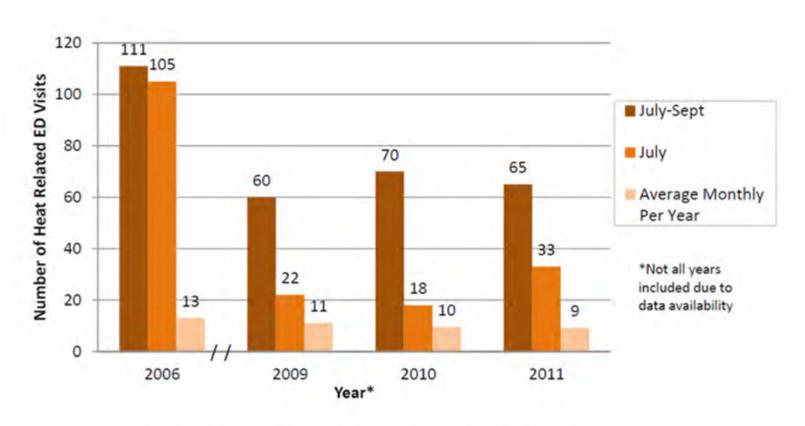


Figure 6: Heat Related Emergency Department Visits In Contra Costa County, 2006 & 2009-2011



Source: California Statewide Office of Planning Health and Development

Category	Vulnerability Factor	Data Source					
Biological	Percent of population under 5	US Census, 2007–2011 American Community Survey					
	Percent of population over 65	US Census, 2007–2011 American Community Survey					
Social & Economic	Percent of population below 200% of the Federal Poverty Line	US Census, 2007–2011 American Community Survey					
	Percent of population living alone	US Census, 2007–2011 American Community Survey					
	Percent of population African-American	US Census, 2007–2011 American Community Survey					
	Percent of households linguistically isolated	US Census, 2007–2011 American Community Survey					

Category	Vulnerability Factor	Data Source					
Medical	Asthma hospitalization and ED visit rate	California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development, 2009–2011					
Living Conditions	Percent of households without access to a vehicle	US Census, 2007–2011 American Community Survey					
	Average daily transit pickups	Metropolitan Transportation Commission, 2009					
	Percent treeless area	US Department of the Interior, National Land Cover Database, 2001					
	Percent impervious surface	US Department of the Interior, National Land Cover Database, 2006					
	Percent households without air conditioning	CA Department of Public Health, 2009 California Energy Survey, provided by Pacific Institute					
	Portion of daily maximum 8 hour ozone concentration over federal standard	CalEnviroScreen analysis of CA Air Resources Board, 2007–2009					

Figure 15: ED Visits & Hospitalizations For Asthma Per 10,000 People By Census Tract, 2009–2011

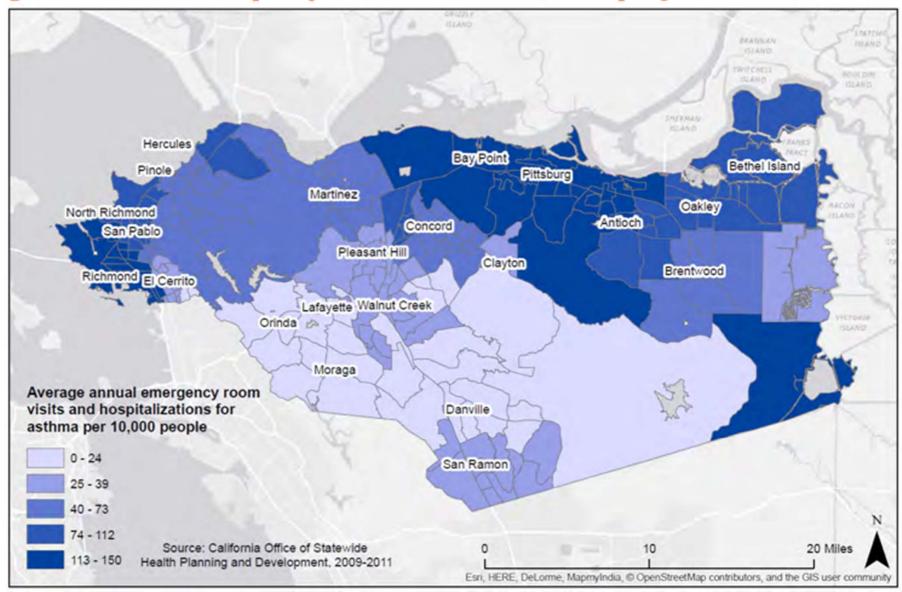


Figure 16: Estimated Average Daily Transit (Bus, Rail, & Ferry) Pickups By Census Tract, 2009

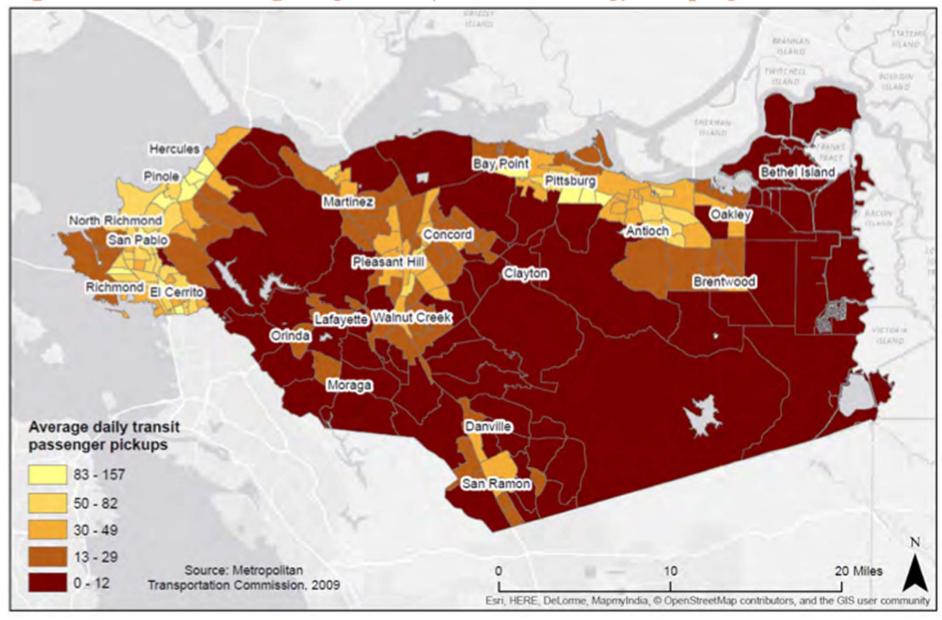


Figure 17: Percent Area With No Tree Cover By Census Tract, 2001

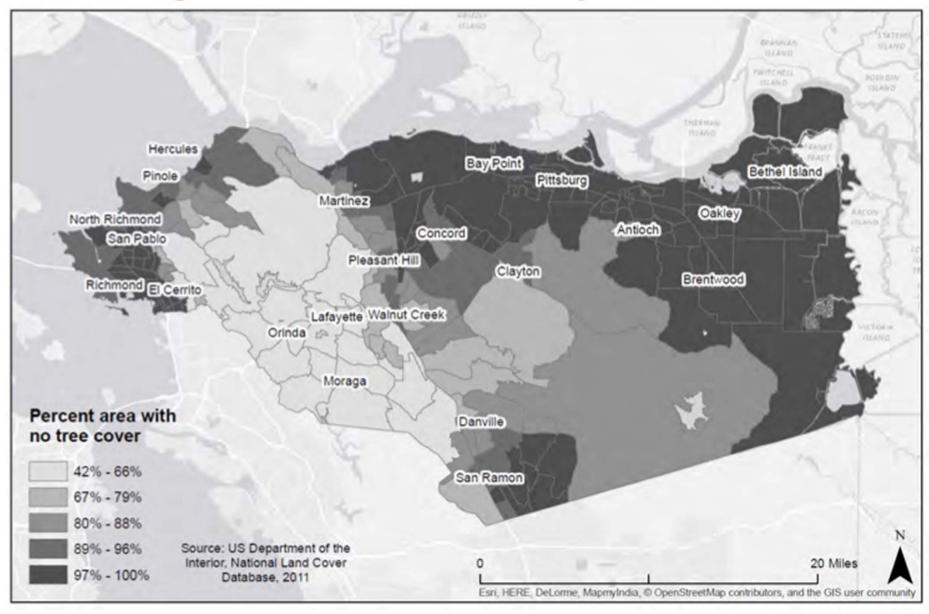


Figure 18: Percent Impervious Surface By Census Tract, 2011

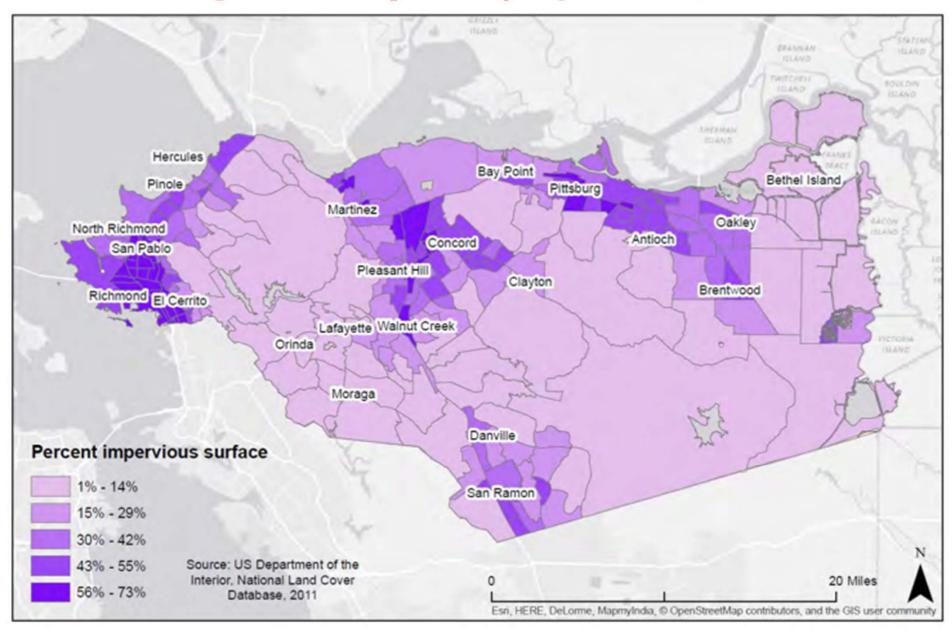
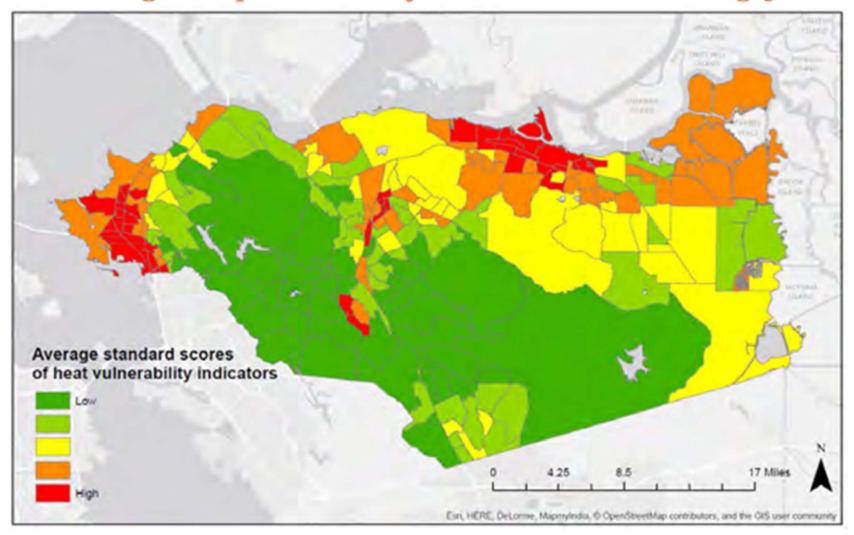


Figure 21: Average Z-Scores Of Heat Vulnerability Indicators By Census Tract, Showing An Equal Number Of Census Tracts In Each Category.



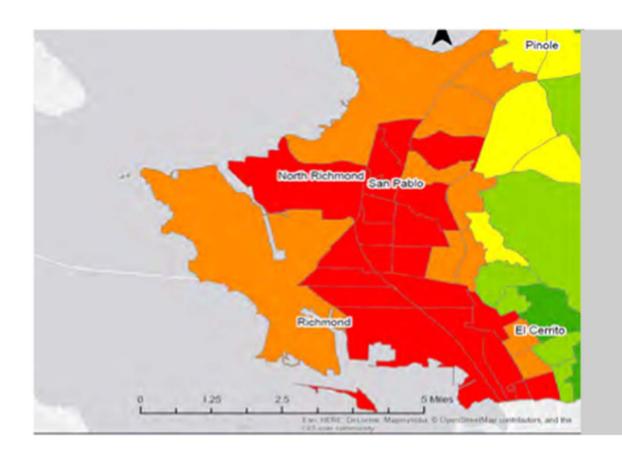


Figure 22: West County

- Children under 5
- Poverty
- · African-American residents
- Linguistic isolation
- Asthma
- · No vehicle access
- · Treeless area
- Impervious surfaces
- No air conditioning

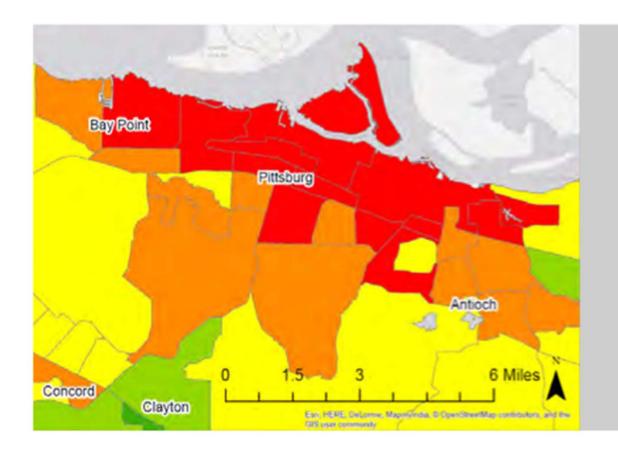


Figure 25: East County

- Children under 5
- Poverty
- · African American residents
- Linguistic Isolation
- Asthma
- · Treeless area
- Impervious surfaces
- Ozone pollution

Table 3: Vulnerabilities To Extreme Heat By Jurisdiction

	Biolo	gical	Socio-Economic			Medical	Living Conditions							
City or place name	Under 5	Over 65	Poverty	Living Alone	African- American Race	Linguistic Isolation	Asthma	Access to car	Public Transit	Treeless Area	Impervious Surfaces	Air Condi-tioning	Ozone	Average Standard Score
North Richmond	Medium	Low	High	Low	High	High	High	High	Low	High	High	High	Low	High
San Pablo	High	Low	High	Low	Medium	19gh	Medium	High	Low	19gh	High	High	Low	1
Richmond	High	Low	High	Medium	High	High	High	Medium	Low	Medium	Medium	High	Low	
Bay Point	High	Low	High	Low	Medium	High	High	Medium	Low	High	Medium	Low	Medium	
Pittsburg	High	Low	High	Low	Medium	Medium	High	Medium	Low	High	Medium	Low	Medium	
Bethel Island	Low	High	High	High	Low	Low	Medium	Medium	High	High	Low	Low	High	
Antioch	High	Low	High	Low	Medium	Medium	High	Medium	Low	High	Modium	Low	High	
Concord	High	Low	Medium	Medium	Low	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	High	Medium	Low	Medium	
El Cerrito	High	Medium	Modium	Modium	Low	Medium	Low	Medium	Low	Medium	High	High	Low	
Oakley	High	Low	Modium	Low	Low	Medium	Medium	Low	High	High	Low	Low	High	
Walnut Creek	Medium	High	Low	15gh	Low	Medium	Low	Medium	High	Modium	Modium	Low	Low	
Brentwood	High	Low	Medium	Low	Low	Low	Medium	Low	Medium	High	Modium	Low	High	
Pleasant Hill	Medium	Medium	Modium	Modium	Low	Medium	Low	Medium	Medium	Modium	Modium	Medium	Low	
Pinole	Medium	Medium	Modium	Low	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Low	Medium	Modium	High	Low	
San Ramon	High	Low	Low	Low	Low	Modium	Low	Low	Medium	High	Modium	Low	Medium	
Martinez	Medium	Low	Medium	Medium	Low	Low	Medium	Low	Medium	Modium	Modium	Medium	Low	
Hercules	Medium	Low	Low	Low	Medium	Medium	Medium	Low	Low	Medium	Medium	Medium	Low	
Clayton	Medium	Medium	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	High	High	Medium	Low	Medium	
Danville	Medium	Medium	Low	Low	Low	Low	Law	Low	High	Medium	Low	Low	Medium	
Moraga	Medium	Medium	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	High	Medium	Low	Medium	Low	
Orinda	High	Medium	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	High	Low	Low	Medium	Low	
Lafayette	Medium	Medium	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	High	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low

Thank you!

- Report can be found at http://cchealth.org/health-data/reports.php
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